

Safety Data Sheet dated 04/09/2023 version 3

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared voluntarily: it is not required according to Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Mixture identification:

Trade name: FASSIL P 313 Trade code: COL313

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Smooth water-based silicate mineral paint

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: FASSA Srl

Via Lazzaris, 3 - 31027 Spresiano (TV) - ITALY Tel. +39 0422 7222 Fax +39 0422 887509

Responsable: laboratorio.spresiano@fassabortolo.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

NHS 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

Special Provisions:

EUH208	Contains 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A. 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: FASSIL P 313

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name		Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number:
≥10 - <20 %	0 titanium dio>	kide	CAS:13463-67-7 EC:236-675-5 Index:022-006- 00-2	Carc. 2, H351	01-2119489379-17-xxxx
≥5 - <10 %	silicic acid, p ratio > 3.2	otassium salt,←molar	CAS:1312-76-1 EC:215-199-1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119456888-17-xxxx
Date	06/09/2023	Production Name	FASSIL P 313		Page n. 1

≥0.00015 - 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS:2682-20-4 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, < 0.0015 % EC:220-239-6 H311 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Index:613-326-00-9 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:10, EUH071 Specific Concentration Limits: 0.0015% ≤ C < 100%: Skin Sens. 1A H317 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 100mg/kg bw ATE - Dermal: 300mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist): 0.05mg/l CAS:55965-84-9 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 2, ≥0.00015 - reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-<0.0015 % methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2- Index:613-167- H310 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) 00-5 Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, FUH071 Specific Concentration Limits: 0.6% ≤ C < 100%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 0.6% ≤ C < 100%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 $0.0015\% \le C < 100\%$: Skin Sens. 1A H317 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 100mg/kg bw ATE - Dermal: 50mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist): 0.05mg/l

The mixture contains >= 1% titanium dioxide CAS 13463-67-7 [in powder form containing >= 1 % of particles with aerodynamic diameter <= 10 μ m]. Substance is classified as a category 2 inhalation carcinogenic (H351 inhalation) - Notes V,W,10. According to Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP), Annex II, part 2, section 2.12, the label on the packaging of liquid mixtures containing >= 1 % titanium dioxide particles with an aerodynamic diameter equal to or below 10 μ m shall bear the following statement: EUH211: "Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed on vaporization. Do not breathe vapours or mist."

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Product is not flammable.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Burning produces heavy smoke.

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Material suitable for collection: inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, vermiculite) After the product has been recovered, rinse the area and materials involved with water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place, away from heat.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

See chapter 10.5

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Protect from frost.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

See chapter 1.2 Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Notes
titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7	ACGIH		10				A4 - LRT irr
	VLEP	BELGIUM	10.000				
	VLEP	FRANCE	10.000				
	MAK	GERMANY	0.300		2.400		Respirable fraction, except ultrafine particles , Multiplied by the material density
	AGW	GERMANY	1.250				Respirable dust particles
	NDS	POLAND	10.000				Inhalable fraction
	VLEP	ROMANIA	10.000		15.000		
Date 06/09/2023	Produc	tion Name	FASSIL P 313				Page n. 3 of 10

	VLA SUVA	SPAIN SWITZERLAN D	10.000 3.000		Inhalable fraction Respirable aerosol
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)- one CAS: 2682-20-4	WEL WEL GVI GVI MAK	U.K. U.K. CROATIA CROATIA AUSTRIA	10.000 4.000 10.000 4.000 0.050		Inhalable aerosol Respirable aerosol Inhalable fraction Respirable fraction
	MAK SUVA	GERMANY SWITZERLAN D	0.200 0.200	0.400 0.400	Inhalable fraction Inhalable fraction
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	МАК	AUSTRIA	0.050		
	MAK	GERMANY	0.200	0.400	Inhalable fraction
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	0.200	0.400	Inhalable fraction

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection (EN 166).

Protection for skin:

Use suitable clothing that provides complete protection to the skin according to activity and exposure (EN 14605/EN 13982), e.g. overall, apron, safety shoes, suitable clothing.

Protection for hands:

There is no material or combination of materials for gloves that can guarantee unlimited resistance to any individual chemical or combination of chemicals.

For prolonged or repeated handling, use chemical resistant gloves.

Suitable materials for safety gloves (EN 374/EN 16523); NBR (Nitril rubber): thickness >= 0.4 mm; permeation time >= 480 min.; Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber): thickness >= 0.4 mm; permeation time >= 480 min.

The choice of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics that vary from one manufacturer to another and on the manner and times according to which the mixture is used.

Respiratory protection:

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

Combination filtering device (EN 14387): mask with filter A-P2.

Environmental exposure controls:

See point 6.2

Hygienic and Technical measures See section 7.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density: N.A. Vapour pressure: N.D. Solubility in water: miscible in all ratio Solubility in oil: No data available Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A. **Particle characteristics:** Particle size: N.A. 9.2. Other information Conductivity: N.D. Explosive properties: N.A. (Internal assessment) Oxidizing properties: N.A. (Internal assessment) Evaporation rate: N.A. **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly. See chapter 5.2

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

•	•			
a) acute toxicity		Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
b) skin corrosion	/irritation	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
c) serious eye da	mage/irritation	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
d) respiratory or	skin sensitisation	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
e) germ cell mut	agenicity	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
f) carcinogenicity	/	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
g) reproductive toxicity		Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
h) STOT-single exposure		Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
i) STOT-repeated	l exposure	Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
j) aspiration hazard		Not classified		
		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met		
Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:				
titanium dioxide	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg		
		LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.82 mg/l 4h		
all all a shall be a second over				

silicic acid, potassium a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg salt, molar ratio > 3.2

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)· one	- a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 100 mg/kg bw		
		ATE - Dermal : 300 mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.05 mg/l		
reaction mass of 5- chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 100 mg/kg bw		
		ATE - Dermal : 50 mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.05 mg/l		

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. **12.1. Toxicity**

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

No data available for the product

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
titanium dioxide	CAS: 13463-67- 7 - EINECS: 236-675-5 - INDEX: 022- 006-00-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 1000 mg/l 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia > 1000 mg/l 48h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae 61 mg/l 72h
silicic acid, potassium salt,←molar ratio > 3.2	CAS: 1312-76-1 - EINECS: 215- 199-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia > 146 mg/l 24h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 146 mg/l 48h
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2682-20-4 - EINECS: 220- 239-6 - INDEX: 613-326-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish 6 mg/l 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia 1.68 mg/l 48h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae 0.157 mg/l 72h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Fish 2.1 mg/l - 28d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Daphnia 0.55 mg/l - 21d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Algae 0.03 mg/l 72h
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish 0.22 mg/l 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia 0.1 mg/l 48h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae 0.0052 mg/l 48h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Freshwater algae 0.048 mg/l 72h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Fish 0.098 mg/l - 28d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Daphnia 0.004 mg/l - 21d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: NOEC Algae 0.00064 mg/l 48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component

Persitence/Degradability:

2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one Readily biodegradable reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- Non-readily biodegradable methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT/vPvB in percentage $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

Do not allow it to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

Once the product has expired, it must be disposed of in accordance with current legislation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A IATA-Technical name: N/A IMDG-Technical name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A IATA-Class: N/A IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A IATA-Packing group: N/A IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No Environmental Pollutant: No IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A ADR-Special Provisions: N/A ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code):

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A IATA-Label: N/A IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A IATA-Erg: N/A IATA-Special Provisions: N/A IMDG-Stowage Code: N/A IMDG-Stowage Note: N/A IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Directive 2010/75/EU Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: None.

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

Class 2: hazardous for water.

SVHC Substances:

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq 0.1%.

VOC content limit value (Directive 2004/42/EC) Cat. A/a: 30 g/l; COV < 30 g/l

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.	
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2

3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.6/2	Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, Category 2
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

Safety data sheets of raw materials suppliers.

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

N.D.: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information