FASSA s.r.l.

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Agrément Certificate 18/5486

Product Sheet 1 Issue 3

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FASSA BORTOLO PLASTER SYSTEM/ONE-LAYER PLASTERS

FASSACOUCHE

This Agrément Certificate Product Sheet⁽¹⁾ relates to Fassacouche, a spray- or hand-applied one coat render, for external use on new or existing buildings over medium density concrete blockwork manufactured in accordance with BS EN 771-3: 2011. (1) Hereinafter referred to as 'Certificate'.

The assessment includes

Product factors:

- compliance with Building Regulations
- compliance with additional regulatory or nonregulatory information where applicable
- evaluation against technical specifications
- assessment criteria and technical investigations
- · uses and design considerations

Process factors:

- compliance with Scheme requirements
- installation, delivery, handling and storage
- production and quality controls
- maintenance and repair

Ongoing contractual Scheme elements†:

- regular assessment of production
- · formal 3-yearly review



KEY FACTORS ASSESSED

- Section 1. Mechanical resistance and stability
- Section 2. Safety in case of fire
- Section 3. Hygiene, health and the environment
- Section 4. Safety and accessibility in use
- Section 5. Protection against noise
- Section 6. Energy economy and heat retention
- Section 7. Sustainable use of natural resources
- Section 8. Durability

The BBA has awarded this Certificate to the company named above for the product described herein. This product has been assessed by the BBA as being fit for its intended use provided it is installed, used and maintained as set out in this Certificate.

On behalf of the British Board of Agrément

Date of Third issue: 26 June 2024
Originally certified on 2 February 2018

Hardy Giesler
Chief Executive Officer

This BBA Agrément Certificate is issued under the BBA's Inspection Body accreditation to ISO/IEC 17020. Sections marked with † are not issued under accreditation.

The BBA is a UKAS accredited Inspection Body (No. 4345), Certification Body (No. 0113) and Testing Laboratory (No. 0357).

Readers MUST check that this is the latest issue of this Agrément Certificate by either referring to the BBA website or contacting the BBA directly.

The Certificate should be read in full as it may be misleading to read clauses in isolation.

Any photographs are for illustrative purposes only, do not constitute advice and should not be relied upon.

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SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT AND COMPLIANCE

This section provides a summary of the assessment conclusions; readers should refer to the later sections of this Certificate for information about the assessments carried out.

Compliance with Regulations

Having assessed the key factors, the opinion of the BBA is that Fassacouche, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements of the following Building Regulations:



The Building Regulations 2010 (England and Wales) (as amended)

Requirement: B4(1) External fire spread

Comment: The product is unrestricted by this Requirement. See section 2 of this Certificate.

Requirement: C2(b) Resistance to moisture

Comment: The product will contribute to satisfying this Requirement. See section 3 of this

Certificate.

Requirement: C2(c) Resistance to moisture

Comment: The product will contribute to satisfying this Requirement. See section 3 of this

Certificate.

Regulation: 7(1) Materials and workmanship

Comment: The product is acceptable. See sections 8 and 9 of this Certificate.

Regulation: 7(2) Materials and workmanship

Comment: The product is unrestricted by this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.



The Building (Scotland) Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation: 8(1)(2) Fitness and durability of materials and workmanship

Comment: The product is acceptable. See sections 8 and 9 of this Certificate.

Regulation: 8(3) Fitness and durability of materials and workmanship

Comment: The product is unrestricted by this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.

Regulation:9Building standards - constructionStandard:2.6Spread to neighbouring buildingsStandard:2.7Spread on external walls

Comment: The product may be restricted by these Standards, with references to clauses

 $2.6.4^{(1)(2)}$, $2.6.5^{(1)}$, $2.6.6^{(2)}$ and $2.7.1^{(1)(2)}$. See section 2 of this Certificate.

Standard: 3.10 Precipitation

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying this Standard, with reference to clauses

 $3.10.1^{(1)(2)}$, $3.10.2^{(1)(2)}$, $3.10.3^{(1)(2)}$ and $3.10.5^{(1)(2)}$. See section 3 of this Certificate.

Standard: 3.15 Condensation

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying this Standard, with reference to clauses

 $3.15.1^{(1)(2)}$, $3.15.4^{(1)(2)}$ and $3.15.5^{(1)(2)}$. See section 3 of this Certificate.

Standard: 7.1(a) Statement of sustainability

Comment: The product can contribute to meeting the relevant requirements of Regulation 9,

Standards 1 to 6 and therefore will contribute to a construction meeting a bronze

level of sustainability as defined in this Standard.

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Regulation: 12 Building standards - conversion

Comment: Comments in relation to the product under Regulation 9, Standards 1 to 6 also

apply to this Regulation, with reference to clause $0.12.1^{(1)(2)}$ and Schedule $6^{(1)(2)}$.

(1) Technical Handbook (Domestic).

(2) Technical Handbook (Non-Domestic).



The Building Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2012 (as amended)

Regulation: 23(1)(a)(i)(ii) Fitness of materials and workmanship

Comment: (iii)(b)(i) The product is acceptable. See sections 8 and 9 of this Certificate.

Regulation: 23(2) Fitness of materials and workmanship

Comment: The product is unrestricted by this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.

Regulation: 28(b) Resistance to moisture and weather

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying this Regulation. See section 3 of this

Certificate.

Regulation: 29 Condensation

Comment: The product can contribute to satisfying this Regulation. See section 3 of this

Certificate.

Regulation: 36(a) External fire spread

Comment: The product is unrestricted by this Regulation. See section 2 of this Certificate.

Additional Information

NHBC Standards 2024

In the opinion of the BBA, Fassacouche, if installed, used and maintained in accordance with this Certificate, can satisfy or contribute to satisfying the relevant requirements in relation to *NHBC Standards*, Part 6 *Superstructure (excluding roofs)*, Chapter 6.11 *Render*.

Fulfilment of Requirements

The BBA has judged Fassacouche to be satisfactory for use as described in this Certificate. The product has been assessed as a spray- or hand-applied one coat render, for external use on new or existing buildings over medium density concrete blockwork manufactured in accordance with BS EN 771-3: 2011.

ASSESSMENT

Product description and intended use

The Certificate holder provided the following description for the product under assessment. Fassacouche consists of a one-coat, self-coloured cementitious render containing white cement, mineral aggregates, pigments and additives.

The product is applied to a finished thickness of between 12 and 15 mm, and a weight of between 26 and 29 kg·m⁻², and is applied as a scraped texture surface finish.

Applications

The product is intended for use as a one-coat render on new or existing buildings on medium density concrete blockwork (of density 1400 to 1800 kg·m⁻³ and nominal compressive strength of 7.3 N·mm⁻²)

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The assessment and this Certificate only include applications to walls above the damp-proof course (DPC) level. The product has not been assessed for use:

- on woodwool slabs
- on metal lathing
- over painted brickwork and similar backgrounds
- over timber-frame construction
- over metal-frame construction
- on the backs of parapet and screen walls rendered on the face
- on horizontal surfaces exposed to the weather, such as ledges, sills and copings
- as rendering to chimney stacks.

The product has not been assessed for application to previously decorated surfaces.

Product assessment – key factors

The product was assessed for the following key factors, and the outcome of the assessments is shown below. Conclusions relating to the Building Regulations apply to the whole of the UK unless otherwise stated.

1 Mechanical resistance and stability

Data were assessed for the following characteristics.

1.1 Resistance to external factors

1.1.1 Results of resistance to external factor tests are given in Table 1.

Table 1 Resistance to external factors					
Product assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result		
Fassacouche	Compressive strength to BS EN 1015-11 : 1999 after 28 days	Classification CS II	Pass		
Fassacouche	Bond strength after aging to MOAT 22: 1988	> 0.1 MPa	Pass		
Fassacouche	Adhesion to BS EN 1015-21 : 2002	Value achieved	0.39 N·mm ⁻²		
Fassacouche	Flexural strength to BS EN 1015-11 : 1999 after 28 days	Value achieved	1.9 N·mm ⁻²		

1.1.2 On the basis of data assessed, the product has adequate resistance to impact and cracking in all normal circumstances. Where the product may be exposed to severe impact (eg on some industrial sites), or is to be applied over existing background cracks, precautions may be required to reduce the risk of damage.

2 Safety in case of fire

Data were assessed for the following characteristics.

2.1 Reaction to fire

2.1.1 The result of a reaction to fire assessment are given in Table 2.

Table 2 Reaction to fire classification					
Product assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result		
Fassacouche	UNI EN 13501-1 : 2009	Classification achieved	A1 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		

- (1) Classification report N1012R03/17, issued by Trasferimento tecnologico e innovazione s.c.a.r.l.
- (2) The classification applies to the complete colour range.
- 2.1.2 On the basis of data assessed, the product is unrestricted under the documents supporting the national Building Regulations with regard to building height and proximity to a relevant boundary.

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3 Hygiene, health and the environment

Data were assessed for the following characteristics.

3.1 Resistance to water and water vapour

3.1.1 Results of resistance to water and water vapour tests are given in Table 3.

Table 3 Water and water vapour permeability results				
Product assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result	
Fassacouche	Water vapour permeability to	≤ 35	Pass	
	BS EN 1015-19 : 1999 declared to EN 998-1 : 2010			
Fassacouche	Water vapour permeability coefficient (μ)	Value achieved	10.1	
Fassacouche	Capillary water absorption to	W2	Pass	
	BS EN 1015-18 : 2002			

- 3.1.2 On the basis of data assessed, the product will improve the weather resistance of a wall and provide a new decorative finish.
- 3.1.3 The product is suitable for use in exposure zones up to and including the 'severe' wind-driven rain index category in accordance with PD 6697 : 2019.
- 3.1.4 The product tends to shed water and considerably reduces the amount that will be absorbed by the substrate.

4 Safety and accessibility in use

Not applicable.

5 Protection against noise

Not applicable.

6 Energy economy and heat retention

Not applicable.

7 Sustainable use of natural resources

Not applicable.

8 Durability

- 8.1 The potential mechanisms for degradation and the known performance characteristics of the materials in the product were assessed.
- 8.2 Specific test data were assessed as given in Table 4.

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Table 4 Durability			
Product assessed	Assessment method	Requirement	Result
Fassacouche	Water permeability after weathering cycles to	≤ 1 ml·cm ⁻²	Pass
	BS EN 1015-21 : 2002		
Fassacouche	Bond strength to ETAG 004: 2013 after	Value achieved	0.31 MPa
	weathering to MOAT 22: 1988		
Fassacouche	Resistance to hard body impact after weathering	Category 1	Pass
	to ETAG 004 : 2013		

8.3 Service life

- 8.3.1 Under normal service conditions, the product will have a life of at least 25 years, provided it is designed, installed and maintained in accordance with this Certificate and the Certificate holder's instructions.
- 8.3.2 The system may be discoloured by water runs and care must be taken to ensure that normal architectural details for shedding water clear of the building are present and functioning, and that gutters and downpipes are in good condition
- 8.3.3 The product may become discoloured over time, the rate depending on the local environment. Appearance can normally be restored by cleaning with water and a suitable brush. In industrial atmospheres, light-coloured renders must be avoided.
- 8.3.4 The product may suffer from algal growth in a similar manner to traditional external rendered finishes. For additional preventative advice, the Certificate holder must be consulted, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.
- 8.3.5 In common with traditional renders, the product may be susceptible to lime bloom. The incidence of this may be reduced by proper protection and by avoiding application in winter or adverse weather conditions. The effect is less noticeable on white or lighter colours. For additional preventative advice, the Certificate holder should be consulted, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.

PROCESS ASSESSMENT

Information provided by the Certificate holder was assessed for the following factors:

9 Design, installation, workmanship and maintenance

9.1 Design

- 9.1.1 The design process was assessed by the BBA, and the following requirements apply in order to satisfy the performance assessed in this Certificate.
- 9.1.2 New constructions to be rendered with the product must be designed and constructed in accordance with the relevant recommendations of BS EN 1996-2: 2006 and its UK National Annex, and BS EN 13914-1: 2016.
- 9.1.3 The designer must select a construction appropriate to its location, paying due attention to design, detailing and workmanship, and the materials to be used.
- 9.1.4 It is essential that all walls where the product is applied are designed and constructed to prevent moisture penetration and the formation of condensation. Substrates must be properly prepared and suitable for receiving a rendered finish.
- 9.1.5 In common with traditional renders, it is essential that the surface to be rendered is clean, and provides a sound mechanical key, to ensure a satisfactory bond between the substrate and the product. In instances where this is not the case, the Certificate holder must be consulted for advice on substrate preparation, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.

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9.2 Installation

- 9.2.1 Installation instructions provided by the Certificate holder were assessed and judged to be appropriate and adequate.
- 9.2.2 Installation must be carried out in accordance with this Certificate, the Certificate holder's instructions and the relevant recommendations of BS EN 13914-1: 2016. A summary of instructions and guidance are provided in Annex A of this Certificate.
- 9.2.3 The product must not be applied in rain or mist, at temperatures below 5°C or above 35°C, or if exposure to frost is likely to occur during curing. In common with traditional sand/cement renders, the product must not be applied to frost-bound walls.
- 9.2.4 Any damage to the product assessed in this Certificate must be repaired in accordance with section 9.4 and reinspected, in order to maintain product performance.

Site survey and preliminary work

- 9.2.5 A pre-application survey of the property must be carried out to determine its suitability to receive the product and whether repairs to the building structure are necessary before application. A specification must also be prepared by the designer for each elevation indicating:
- · preliminary treatment of the background
- the position of beads
- detailing around windows and doors and at eaves
- DPC level
- exact position of movement joints
- · areas where flexible sealants must be used
- any alterations to external plumbing, fixtures and fittings.
- 9.2.6 The mortar in new brickwork must conform to the Certificate holder's specification.
- 9.2.7 All necessary repairs to the building structure must be completed before application.
- 9.2.8 At the top of walls, the product must be protected by an adequate overhang or by adequately sealed, purpose-made flashing.

Preparation of substrate

- 9.2.9 All damage to the substrate from frost attack, salts or corrosion must be carefully repaired. Damaged bricks or blocks must be replaced and any holes or insufficiently filled joints repaired using a suitable mortar. Loose and spalling render or projecting mortar joints must be removed, and uneven surfaces must be levelled using an appropriate render to minimise variations in the thickness of the product. For additional advice, the Certificate holder must be consulted, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.
- 9.2.10 The relevant recommendations of BS EN 13914-1: 2016 must be followed if a satisfactory bond is to be achieved. In particular, the surface to be rendered must provide a good mechanical key and adequate suction, and be free from paint, oil, soot, efflorescence, dust, lichens, mould and similar growth, or anything else that could prevent a satisfactory bond.
- 9.2.11 It is essential that the substrate to be rendered is clean.

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- 9.2.12 The substrate must be checked for suction by spraying the surface with clean water. If water is not absorbed, it will be impossible to obtain a good bond and the application should not commence until the surface has dried out. If, however, the water is readily absorbed by the substrate, the background may be too absorbent and some wetting will be necessary, to prevent the water required for the hydration and workability of the product from being extracted too quickly.
- 9.2.13 When the substrate consists of materials of variable suction, the recommendations of BS EN 13914-1: 2016 and the Certificate holder's instructions must be followed to ensure even quality and appearance of the render.

Application

- 9.2.14 The thickness of the finished coating must be between 12 and 15 mm. The scraped finish will require the application of 2 mm more render than the specified thickness to allow for material lost in the scraping process.
- 9.2.15 The product must be applied by hand using a hawk and trowel, or spray-applied using suitable equipment, to the required thickness of 8 mm.
- 9.2.16 Once the first pass stiffens, the second pass must be applied to a thickness of 10 mm and levelled to a uniform thickness.
- 9.2.17 Scraping must take place when the render sets but before it fully hardens (between 4 and 36 hours), to achieve a textured finish. It is essential that all areas are textured at the same stage of readiness to achieve an even shade of finish.
- 9.2.18 Following completion of the texturing process, any loose material must be removed using a soft brush, and any minor repairs carried out using the excess material.
- 9.2.19 After mixing with water, the product must be applied within 30 minutes.

Curing

- 9.2.20 Care must be taken to protect the product from drying too rapidly owing to exposure to direct sunlight or drying wind
- 9.2.21 The product must be protected from rain, mist and cold (less than 5°C on a falling thermometer) during the early curing period, as drying could be excessively prolonged under such circumstances.
- 9.2.22 On completion of the rendering, the surface must be checked to ensure an even coverage, texture and consistency of colour. Due to the nature of the raw materials used (natural sands), uniformity of colour cannot be guaranteed between different supply lots. As a result, all the material required to finish the job must be from the same batch.
- 9.2.23 Care must be taken to protect the render from drying too rapidly owing to exposure to direct sunlight or drying wind. In these conditions, the applied render must be damped down or gently sprayed with water occasionally during the first three days after application, to ensure complete hydration of the cement.

Finishing

9.2.24 On completion of the render installation, the surface must be checked to ensure an even coverage.

9.3 Workmanship

Practicability of installation was assessed, on the basis of the Certificate holder's information to achieve the performance described in this Certificate, installation of the product must be carried out by a competent contractor, experienced with this type of product.

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9.4 Maintenance and repair

- 9.4.1 Ongoing satisfactory performance of the product in use requires that it is suitably maintained. The guidance provided by the Certificate holder was assessed by the BBA and found to be appropriate and adequate.
- 9.4.2 Regular maintenance checks must be carried out to ensure that architectural details for shedding water clear of the building are present and functioning. Any damage to the render must be repaired immediately.
- 9.4.3 Any damage to the render must be repaired immediately in accordance with the relevant recommendations of BS EN 13914-1: 2016. The advice of the Certificate holder must be sought for specific installations, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.

10 Manufacture

- 10.1 The production processes for the product have been assessed, and provide assurance that the quality controls are satisfactory according to the following factors:
- 10.1.1 The manufacturer has provided documented information on the materials, processes, testing and control factors.
- 10.1.2 The quality control operated over batches of incoming materials has been assessed and deemed appropriate and adequate.
- 10.1.3 The quality control procedures and product testing to be undertaken have been assessed and deemed appropriate and adequate.
- 10.1.4 The process for management of non-conformities has been assessed and deemed appropriate and adequate.
- 10.1.5 An audit of each production location was undertaken, and it was confirmed that the production process was in accordance with the documented process, and that equipment has been properly tested and calibrated.
- † 10.2 The BBA has undertaken to review the above measures on a regular basis through a surveillance process, to verify that the specifications and quality control operated by the manufacturer are being maintained.

11 Delivery and site handling

- 11.1 The Certificate holder stated that the product is delivered to site in packaging bearing the product and, Certificate holder names, batch number and the date of production.
- 11.2 The product is delivered in sealed 25 kg bags on pallets. Each pallet contains 48 bags and weighs approximately 1200 kg.
- 11.2.1 Delivery and site handing must be performed in accordance with the Certificate holder's instructions and this Certificate including:
- 11.2.1.1 The product must be stored off the ground under cover, in dry conditions and protected from moisture and frost.
- 11.2.1.2 To avoid 'warehouse set' caused by compaction, the height of bags stacked on a pallet must not exceed 1 m and no more than four pallets must be stacked.
- 11.2.1.3 The product must be used in the order in which it is received and each delivery must be kept separate to avoid confusion.

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ANNEX A – SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION †

Supporting information in this Annex is relevant to the product but has not formed part of the material assessed for the Certificate.

<u>Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015</u> <u>Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2016</u>

Information in this Certificate may assist the client, designer (including Principal Designer) and contractor (including Principal Contractor) to address their obligations under these Regulations.

CLP Regulations

The Certificate holder has taken the responsibility of classifying and labelling the product under the *GB CLG Regulation* and *CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 - classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures*. Users must refer to the relevant Safety Data Sheet(s).

UKCA marking

The Certificate holder has taken the responsibility of UKCA marking the product in accordance with Designated Standard EN 998-1: 2016.

Management Systems Certification for production

The management system of the manufacturer has been assessed and registered as meeting the requirements of BS EN ISO 9001 : 2015 by IQNET and its partner CISQ/ICMQ spa (Certificate 09278).

Additional information on installation

General

- A.1 When use of the product for the first time is being considered, the advice of Certificate holder should be sought, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.
- A.2 Additional advice for project specifications where applications are onto high- or low-absorption medium density concrete blockwork, should be sought from the Certificate holder.
- A.3 In sunny weather, work should commence on the shady side of the building and be continued round following the sun, to prevent the render drying out too rapidly.
- A.4 To minimise colour shade variations and avoid dry line jointing, continuous surfaces should be completed without a break. If breaks cannot be avoided, they should be made where services or architectural features, such as reveals or lines of doors and windows, will help mask cold joints. Where long, uninterrupted runs are planned, bags of the product should be checked for batch numbers; bags with different batch numbers should be checked for colour consistency.

Site survey and preliminary work

A.5 Advice concerning the site survey and preliminary work for application of the product is available to the designer or rendering contractor on request from the Certificate holder, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.

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A.6 It is recommended that external plumbing to existing buildings be removed and, where necessary, alterations made to underground drainage to accommodate its repositioning on the finished face of the render.

A.7 On existing buildings purpose-made over-sills may be necessary to extend beyond the finished face of the product. Sills should have an efficient throat or drip on the underside and be designed to prevent water running onto the wall below, or into the jambs. New buildings should incorporate suitably wide sills.

A.8 In common with traditional renders, new walls to be rendered should be left for as long as possible to dry out and to minimise subsequent substrate movement. Where this may not be practical, the Certificate holder should be consulted for additional advice, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.

A.9 Wherever possible, independent scaffolding should be used to avoid the need subsequently to make good putlog holes and other breaks in the work.

A.10 Angles may be formed using PVC beads or (temporary) timber battens. The Certificate holder can advise on suitable materials, but such advice is outside the scope of this Certificate.

Mixing

A.11 The product is added to clean water at a rate of approximately 6.5 litres of water per 25 kg of product. The mixture is prepared mechanically in either a tumble mixer, with a drill and paddle, or a suitable render spray machine. The mixing should take between 5 minutes, until a homogeneous mass is obtained. Advice should be sought from the Certificate holder regarding suitable equipment and water/render ratios for the mechanical spray-application but such advice and machinery are outside the scope of this Certificate.

A.12 Where excessive concentrations of dust accumulates, the measures defined in the Health and Safety Executive Publication EH40/2005 *Workplace exposure limits for unlisted substances* (2nd Edition 2011, amended March 2013) must be adhered to.

A.13 In common with traditional renders, slumping of the material may occur if the mix is too wet, increasing the risk of settlement cracks developing.

Curing

A.14 Polythene sheeting is recommended for curing and should be arranged to hang clear of the face of the wall in such a way that it does not form a tunnel through which the wind could increase the evaporation of water from the render. The polythene sheeting must not be in intermittent contact with the product as this will produce a patchy appearance.

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Bibliography

BS EN 771-3: 2011 + A1: 2015 Specification for masonry units - Aggregate concrete masonry units (Dense and lightweight aggregates)

BS EN 1015-11: 1999 Methods of test for mortar for masonry - Determination of flexural and compressive strength of hardened mortar $\frac{1}{2}$

BS EN 1015-18 : 2002 Methods of test for mortar for masonry - Determination of water absorption coefficient due to capillary action of hardened mortar

BS EN 1015-19: 1999 Methods of test for mortar for masonry - Determination of water vapour permeability of hardened rendering and plastering mortars

BS EN 1015-21 : 2002 Methods of test for mortar for masonry - Determination of the compatibility of one-coat rendering mortars with substrates

BS EN 1996-2 : 2006 Eurocode 6 — Design of masonry structures — Design considerations, selection of materials and execution of masonry

NA to BS EN 1996-2 : 2006 UK National Annex to Eurocode 6 — Design of masonry structures — Design considerations, selection of materials and execution of masonry

BS EN 13914-1 : 2016 Design, preparation and application of external rendering and internal plastering — External rendering

BS EN ISO 9001: 2015 Quality management systems — Requirements

EN 998-1 : 2010 Specification for mortar for masonry — Rendering and plastering mortar EN 998-1 : 2016 Specification for mortar for masonry — Rendering and plastering mortar

ETAG 004: 2013 GUIDELINE FOR EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL of EXTERNAL THERMAL INSULATION COMPOSITE SYSTEMS (ETICS) WITH RENDERING

MOAT 22: 1988 UEAtc Directives for the Assessment of External Insulation Systems for Walls (Expanded Polystyrene Insulation Faced with a Thin Rendering

PD 6697: 2019 Recommendations for the design of masonry structures to BS EN 1996-1-1 and BS EN 1996-2

UNI EN 13501-1: 2009 Fire classification of construction products and building elements - Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

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Conditions of Certificate

Conditions

- 1 This Certificate:
- relates only to the product that is named and described on the front page
- is issued only to the company, firm, organisation or person named on the front page no other company, firm, organisation or person may hold or claim that this Certificate has been issued to them
- is valid only within the UK
- has to be read, considered and used as a whole document it may be misleading and will be incomplete to be selective
- is copyright of the BBA
- is subject to English Law.
- 2 Publications, documents, specifications, legislation, regulations, standards and the like referenced in this Certificate are those that were current and/or deemed relevant by the BBA at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate.
- 3 This Certificate will be displayed on the BBA website, and the Certificate Holder is entitled to use the Certificate and Certificate logo, provided that the product and its manufacture and/or fabrication, including all related and relevant parts and processes thereof:
- are maintained at or above the levels which have been assessed and found to be satisfactory by the BBA
- continue to be checked as and when deemed appropriate by the BBA under arrangements that it will determine
- are reviewed by the BBA as and when it considers appropriate.
- 4 The BBA has used due skill, care and diligence in preparing this Certificate, but no warranty is provided.
- 5 In issuing this Certificate the BBA is not responsible and is excluded from any liability to any company, firm, organisation or person, for any matters arising directly or indirectly from:
- the presence or absence of any patent, intellectual property or similar rights subsisting in the product or any other product
- the right of the Certificate holder to manufacture, supply, install, maintain or market the product
- actual installations of the product, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any works and constructions in which the product is installed, including their nature, design, methods, performance, workmanship and maintenance
- any loss or damage, including personal injury, howsoever caused by the product, including its manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal
- any claims by the manufacturer relating to UKCA marking and CE marking.

6 Any information relating to the manufacture, supply, installation, use, maintenance and removal of this product which is contained or referred to in this Certificate is the minimum required to be met when the product is manufactured, supplied, installed, used, maintained and removed. It does not purport in any way to restate the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, or of any other statutory, common law or other duty which may exist at the date of issue or reissue of this Certificate; nor is conformity with such information to be taken as satisfying the requirements of the 1974 Act or of any statutory, common law or other duty of care.

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